1 Circle the vector that translates the point (-2, 7) to the point (3, -1)

[1 mark]

$$\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -8 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -8 \end{pmatrix}$$

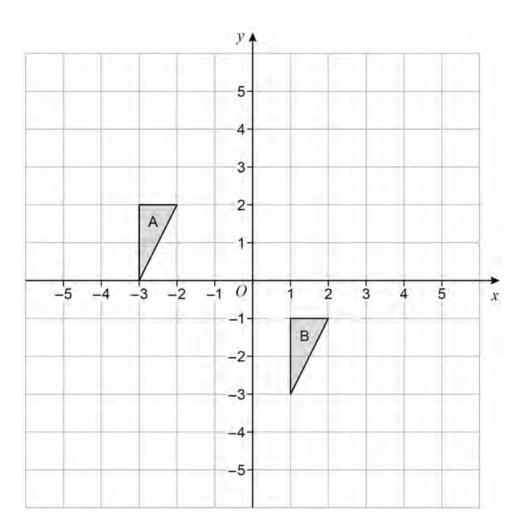
$$\begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

Write down the translation vector that maps shape A onto shape B.

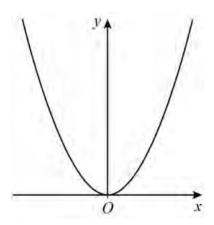
[2 marks]

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Answer

3 Here is a sketch of $y = x^2$

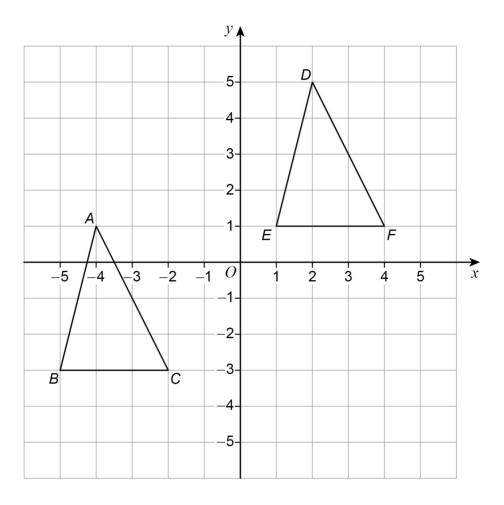


3 (a) $y = x^2$ is now transformed to give $y = (x + 3)^2$

Describe fully this single transformation.

[2 marks]

4 Triangles ABC and DEF are shown on a grid.



Describe a single transformation that shows the triangles are congruent.	[2 marks]

5 The vector
$$\begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$$
 translates A to B.

Write down the vector that translates B to A.

[1 mark]